

Some Weights and Temperatures of Birds.

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The following weights and temperatures were taken during a trip (in company with Dr. Chenery) into the south-west corner of New South Wales, between the River Darling and the S.A. border, during October, 1919:—

Name of Bird.	Weight.	Weight of Brain.	Per cent. of Brain to Body Weight.	Tempera- tures.	Sex.
<i>Pardalotus striatus</i>	11.8	0.5	4.20	109 deg.	♂
<i>Pardalotus striatus</i>	12.0	0.55	4.58	108.8 deg.	♂
<i>Neoclima picumna</i>	32.0	1.0	3.12	108 deg.	♂
<i>Neoclima picumna</i>	28.0	1.0	3.57	109.6 deg.	♀
<i>Climacteris erythroptera superciliosa</i>	20.5	0.6	2.99	109.4 deg.	♀
<i>Lichenostomus ornatus</i>	18.5	0.7	3.78	112 deg.	♂
<i>Acanthiza uropygialis</i>	6.8	0.2	2.94	108 deg.	♂
<i>Bulestes torquatus</i>	89.0	2.5	2.82	109.4 deg.	♂
<i>Malurus melanotus</i>	8.5	0.2	2.34	108.6 deg.	♂
<i>Psephotus varius</i>	58.0	1.9	3.25	108.8 deg.	♂
<i>Myzantha flavigula</i>	54.0	1.7	3.14	107.8 deg.	♀
<i>Ptilotula penicillata</i>	17.5	0.7	4.00	106.8 deg.	♀
<i>Lalage tricolor</i>	27.0	0.5	1.85	108 deg.	♀
<i>Northiella haematogaster antherorrhoa</i>	78.0	2.4	3.07	103.4 deg.	♀
<i>Pomatostomus ruficeps</i>	57	2.1	3.68	109.2 deg.	♂
<i>Corvus coronoides</i>	460.1	8.1	1.76	110.4 deg.	♂ Juv.

All temperatures were taken immediately after death with a Hicks 30 second thermometer in the cloaca. All weights are in grammes.